CONDITION

Cervicogenic headache:

A cervicogenic headache is a type of headache that originates from issues in the cervical spine (the neck). The pain typically begins in the neck and radiates to the head, often resembling a migraine or tension-type headache. Here are key aspects of cervicogenic headaches:

Causes

Cervicogenic headaches are caused by structural problems in the neck, which may include:

- **Degenerative changes**: Such as osteoarthritis or cervical spondylosis.
- **Disc problems**: Including herniated cervical discs.
- Neck injuries: Whiplash or trauma to the neck.
- **Posture**: Poor posture, often due to prolonged computer use or looking down at smartphones.
- Nerve compression: Pressure on the cervical nerves.

Symptoms

Symptoms of cervicogenic headaches typically include:

- Unilateral pain: Pain on one side of the head, starting from the neck.
- Neck pain and stiffness: Discomfort in the neck area that precedes or accompanies the headache.
- **Reduced range of motion**: Difficulty moving the neck.
- **Pain triggered by neck movements or pressure**: Certain neck movements or sustained positions may aggravate the headache.
- **Referred pain**: Pain that may spread to the temples.

Diagnosis

Diagnosing cervicogenic headaches involves:

- **Clinical evaluation**: A thorough medical history and physical examination by a healthcare professional, focusing on neck mobility and tenderness.
- Imaging studies: MRI or CT scans to identify any structural issues in the cervical spine.
- **Diagnostic blocks**: Nerve blocks or facet joint injections to determine if the pain is coming from the neck.

Treatment

Treatment options for cervicogenic headaches may include:

- **Physical therapy**: Exercises to improve neck strength, flexibility, and posture.
- Medications: Pain relievers, anti-inflammatory drugs, or muscle relaxants.
- Manual therapy: Chiropractic adjustments or osteopathic manipulations.
- Nerve blocks and injections: Steroid injections or nerve blocks to reduce inflammation and pain.
- **Surgery**: In severe cases, surgical intervention may be necessary to correct structural problems.

Management and Prevention

Preventing cervicogenic headaches involves:

- **Posture correction**: Maintaining good posture, especially during activities like working at a computer.
- Ergonomic adjustments: Using ergonomically designed furniture and devices.
- **Regular exercise**: Engaging in activities that strengthen neck and shoulder muscles.
- Stress management: Techniques like yoga, meditation, or other relaxation methods to reduce muscle tension.